# Automated Analysis and Deobfuscation of Android Apps & Malware

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Jurriaan Bremer @skier\_t Analysis and Deobfuscation of Android Apps

Who am I?

Who am I?

- Student (University of Amsterdam)
- Freelance Security Researcher
- Cuckoo Sandbox Developer (Malware Analysis System)



Android?

#### Android?

- Smartphones
- Runs custom Linux
- Millions of Devices
- Hundreds of thousands of applications

etc..

Android Applications?

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- Application Package File (APK)
  - Download from Google Play
  - Zip file
  - Some Metadata (Manifest, Images, ..)
  - classes.dex

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  - More on this later.

Android Applications?

Application Package File (APK)

- Download from Google Play
- Zip file
- Some Metadata (Manifest, Images, ..)
- classes.dex
- All your code are belong to <u>classes.dex</u>
  - More on this later.
- Resources
  - Images
  - Data files
  - Native libraries

## Running Code on Android

There are two ways.

- Running native libraries
  - Extremely awesome
  - This talk does not focus on native

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## Running Code on Android

There are two ways.

- Running native libraries
  - Extremely awesome
  - This talk does not focus on native
- Running Dalvik Bytecode
  - Dalvik is Compiled Java
  - Dalvik != Java
  - classes.dex
  - (More on this later)

# Dex File Format (I)

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    - Strings "Hello World"
    - Classes Ljava/lang/String;
    - Fields Ljava/lang/String;->value
    - Prototypes (I)Ljava/lang/String;

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- classes.dex
  - Container format to store Dalvik Bytecode with Metadata
  - Various Data Pools
    - Strings "Hello World"
    - Classes Ljava/lang/String;
    - Fields Ljava/lang/String;->value
    - Prototypes (I)Ljava/lang/String;
  - Lots of headers
    - Complex Cross-references between fields and headers
    - The Classname is a String
    - A Prototype has a String as return value
    - A method links to a Prototype, etc..

# Dex File Format (II)

DEX File Structure			
Header	Header :		
	magic	ubyte[8]	
string ids	checksum	uint	
	signature	ubyte[20]	
type_ids	heeder eize	uint	Stuin me
prete ide	neader_size	uint	Strings
		uint	"Hello World"
field ids	link_SIZE	uint	Classes
	man_off	uint	
metrods_ids	string ids size	uint	Ljava/lang/String;
	string_ids_off	uint	Fields
class_defs	type ids size	uint	Lious /long /Strings Suglue
	type ids off	uint	Ljava/lang/String;->value
	proto ids size	uint	Prototypes
data	proto ids off	uint	(I)Liava/lang/String
	field_ids_size	uint	
	field_ids_off	uint	
link data	method_ids_size	uint	
	method_ids_off	uint	
link data:	class_defs_size	uint	
	class_defs_off	uint	
format unspecified link_size	data_size	uint	By Rodrigo Chiossi
	data_off	uint	

```
public static void hello() {
    System.out.println("Hello AthCon");
}
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->

#### sget-object v0, Ljava/lang/System;->out:Ljava/io/PrintStream;

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public static void hello() {
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}
```

->

# sget-object v0, **Ljava/lang/System;-**>**out**:Ljava/io/PrintStream; const-string v1, "**Hello AthCon**"

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```
sget-object v0, Ljava/lang/System;->out:Ljava/io/PrintStream;
const-string v1, "Hello AthCon"
invoke-virtual v0, v1,
Ljava/io/PrintStream;->println(Ljava/lang/String;)V
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return-void
```

# What's your point?

Decompiling is mostly trivial

JEB - http://android-decompiler.com/



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#### Decompiling is mostly trivial

JEB - http://android-decompiler.com/



- Smali/Baksmali allows you to quickly modify code
- Based on .smali files, a wrapper around Dalvik bytecode
- Free and Open Source https://code.google.com/p/smali/

- Commercial solutions
- Make Reverse Engineering harder
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But first..

## Introduction to Our Tools

 $\mathsf{readdex}(1)$ 

- Custom utility to read .dex files
- Not very strict
- Works in cases where traditional tools fail
- ► E.g., dexdump, dex2jar, sometimes even JEB
- (Will report JEB bugs later)

## Introduction to Our Tools

readdex(1)

- Custom utility to read .dex files
- Not very strict
- Works in cases where traditional tools fail
- ▶ E.g., dexdump, dex2jar, sometimes even JEB
- (Will report JEB bugs later)
- Handles the following cases correctly
  - Invalid checksum hashes (fails dexdump)
  - Unused opcodes (fails dex2jar/dexdump)
  - Invalid Data Pool Indices (dexdump/dex2jar)
  - Unicode function names (IDA Pro?!)
  - ► Etc..

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  - Supports most Dalvik Instructions
  - Supports simple Java Classes (Strings, etc.)

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- Not to mention basic Python wrappers
- All of it will be Open Source soon (TM)

#### What's next? This stuff is actually useful?

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Used by for example Dexguard & Freedom.apk..

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```
static {
   int v1 = 0
   瘴. > = new 檀("None", 0, 0, "no-error");
   癯.意 = new 樿("Generic", 1, 1, "generic-error");
   \overline{a}, \overline{m} = \text{new} \ \overline{a} (\text{"NoClass", 2, 2, "no-such-class"});
   檀, 屬 = new 檀("NoField", 3, 3, "no-such-field");
   擅.参 = new 癉("NoMethod", 4, 4, "no-such-method");
   權、濁 = new 權("AccessClass", 5, 5, "illegal-class-access");
   癯. 觸 = new 猩("AccessMethod", 7, 7, "illegal-method-access");
   擅.續 = new 擅("ClassChange", 8, 8, "class-change-error");
   \bar{a}_{[1,v0]} = new \bar{a}_{[10]}
   v0[0] = 復.蒸:
   v0[1] = 檀, 意:
   v0[2] = / \overline{a} , / \overline{a}
   v0[3] = 復. 雲:
   v0[4] = 煌.豪;
   v0[5] = 摩.溪;
```



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### China?

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- unchina.py to the rescue!

#### unchina.py

- Walks the Dex file
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- Renames Chinese names with something readable
- "zmagic\_" + number
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- Walks the Dex file
- Enumerates all classes and methods
- Renames Chinese names with something readable
- "zmagic\_" + number
- (For now, can be changed of course..)
- Simple Python script using some hacky functionality
- Rewrites parts of the Dex file as needed
- Writes a new Dex file (still kind of experimental)
- Sounds easier than it is!

#### unchina.py Demo

Demo of Unchina.py..

- Instead of using Hardcoded Strings
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- Build strings up at runtime
- Makes it harder to analyze
  - Strings usually have meaningful information
  - (Function names, Debug information, URLs, etc.)
- More code in the binary
  - Normally one string
  - ▶ Now entire functions for decoding, function calls, etc..

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We want to reconstruct the obfuscated strings

- Use our Simple Dalvik Emulator
- Combined with some heuristics (in the future)
- For now a bit hardcoded..

#### Three different String Obfuscation examples

- Whatsapp.apk
- Freedom.apk
- A Dexguarded binary

# Whatsapp (I)

- #1 Whatsapp.apk
  - Defines <clinit>for lots of classes
    - Class Initialization function
    - Called when the class is being loaded

# Whatsapp (II)

```
case 2: {
                                                              v0 1 = 70;
                                                              break:
static {
                                                          ¥
   int v0 1;
                                                          case 3: {
    char[] v0 = "G@\u0007?M".toCharArray();
                                                              v0 1 = 18;
   int v3 = 0;
                                                              break:
   int v_2 = v_0.length;
    char[] v1 = v0;
                                                          default: {
   while (v2 > v3) {
                                                              v0 1 = 124;
        int v4 = v1[v3];
                                                              break:
        switch(v3 % 5) {
                                                          3
            case 0: {
                v0 1 = 20;
                break:
                                                      v1[v3] = ((char)(v0 1 ^ v4));
                                                      ++v3;
            case 1: {
                v0 1 = 8;
                                                  mb.z = new String(v1).intern();
                break;
```

# Whatsapp (III)

- We emulate the method
- Intercept the sput-object instruction
  - sput-object v0, mb->z:Ljava/lang/String;
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- (or multiple strings, in some cases)
- Roughly 5000 strings deobfuscated!

# Freedom (I)

#2 - Freedom.apk

- Has xor decryption methods
- Calls functions with magic decoding value

# Freedom (II)

```
private static String (byte arg7) {
                                                       int v0 = 11:
                                                      byte[] v1 = new byte[12];
                                                      v1[v0] = 88;
                                                       v1[1] = 62;
                                                      v1[8] = 18;
                                                      v1[5] = 9;
                                                      v1[0] = 22;
                                                      v1[6] = 58;
                                                      v1[7] = 21;
                                                      v1[4] = 30;
                                                      v1[2] = 21;
                                                      v1[9] = 22;
                                                      v1[3] = 15;
                                                      v1[10] = 70;
if(this.續 != 0 || this.篑 != 0) {
                                                       do {
    arg10.print(arg9);
                                                          v1[v0] = ((byte)(v1[v0] ^ arg7));
    arg10.print(誰. 1(123));
                                                           --v0:
    arg10.print(Integer.toHexString(this.微));
    arg10.print(#.~(122));
                                                      while (v0 \ge 0);
    arg10.println(Integer.toHexString(this.爱));
                                                       return new String(v1);
```

# Freedom (III)

- The xor decryption methods have a specific signature
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- Roughly 600 strings deobfuscated!

### Dexguard (I)

#3 - Dexguard is a Commercial Obfuscator As example we use an obfuscated Cyanide.apk

Root exploit for some Motorala device
 (Thanks to Justin Case for the sample)

## Dexguard (II)

public class MainActivity extends Activity {
 private static final byte[] #;

```
else {
                                                              label 11:
                                                                  v1[v4] = ((byte)arg7);
                                                                  ++v4:
                                                                  if(v4 \ge arg6) \{
private static String 鷭(int arg6, int arg7, int arg8) {
                                                                      return new String(v1, 0);
    int v3:
    int v2:
                                                                  else (
    arg7 += 62:
                                                                      v2 = arg7;
    byte[] v5 = MainActivity. 羅:
                                                                      v3 = v5[arg8];
    int v4 = 0:
    arg6 += 409;
   byte[] v1 = new byte[arg6];
    if(v5 == null) {
                                                              ++arg8;
        v2 = arg6;
                                                              arg7 = v2 + v3 - 8;
       v3 = arg8;
                                                              goto label 11;
```

### Dexguard (III)

- Dexguard initializes a lookup table on <clinit >
- Decrypts strings using this lookup table
- One dedicated decryption method
- Signature (III)Ljava/lang/String;

## Dexguard (IV)

- Dexguard is a combination of Whatsapp and Freedom
- (With regards to techniques)
- First emulate <clinit >
- To obtain the lookup table

## Dexguard (IV)

- Dexguard is a combination of Whatsapp and Freedom
- (With regards to techniques)
- First emulate <clinit >
- To obtain the lookup table
- Then scan every method in the Dex file
- Find function calls to the decryption method
- Decrypt strings!

### Dexguard (IV)

#### Original Dexguarded Cyanide.apk

```
protected void onCreate(Eundle arg5) {
    super.onCreate(arg5);
    this.setContentView(2130903040);
    if(new File(MainActivity.鶴(-387, -15, 608)).exists()) {
        MainActivity.鶴(MainActivity.鶴(-339, 52, 159));
        MainActivity.鶴(MainActivity.鶴(-333, 37, 17));
        MainActivity.鶴(MainActivity.鶴(-407, 53, 629), MainActivity.鶴(-395, -15, 0), this);
        MainActivity.鶴(MainActivity.鶴(-402, 52, 102), MainActivity.鶴(-378, -15, 665), this);
        MainActivity.鶴(MainActivity.鶴(-368, 37, 119));
        MainActivity.鶴(this);
        return;
    }
}
```

Rewriting Whatsapp, Freedom and Dexguarded Cyanide.apk

- We have the decrypted strings
- Obfuscated code always takes more instructions than deobfuscated code
- Patching time..!

### Rewriting the Dex file (II)

Some problems..

- We have to introduce new strings
  - Extend the String Data Pool
  - Shuffle around half the Dex..

### Rewriting the Dex file (II)

DEX File Structure
Header
string_ids
type_ids
proto_ids
field_ids
metrods_ids
class_defs
data
link_data
# Rewriting the Dex file (III)

Some problems..

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# Rewriting the Dex file (III)

Some problems..

- We have to introduce new strings
  - Extend the String Data Pool
  - Shuffle around half the Dex..
- Patch Dalvik instructions (straightforward)
- Remove obsolete functions
  - String Decryption Methods are now unused
  - Quite painful.. Dex file-wise
  - \*Work in Progress\*

# Rewriting the Dex file (IV)

- We move all strings to EOF
- We fixup other data structures
- Demo time

# Rewriting the Dex file (V)

Demo of reconstructing Dexguarded Cyanide.apk

#### Generic Deobfuscation

Based on Heuristics with Prototypes etc

Generic Deobfuscation

- Based on Heuristics with Prototypes etc
- Classification based on stripped down binaries
  - One binary can have many obfuscated representations
  - Deobfuscate to something like the original binary
  - Allows more accurate classification

Generic Deobfuscation

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- Did I mention plaintext strings?

Generic Deobfuscation

- Based on Heuristics with Prototypes etc
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- Did I mention plaintext strings?

Plaintext Strings!

#### Automated Malware Analysis!

Yesterday a new malware was found in the wild..

http://www.securelist.com/en/blog/8106/The\_most\_ sophisticated\_Android\_Trojan

### High Expectations Asian Dad strikes again!

ANDROID TROJAN?

# MOST SOPHISTICATED ANDROID TROJAN!

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#### Backdoor.AndroidOS.Obad.a

Seems like a pretty advanced android malware

- Multiple obfuscation layers (for strings)
  - ▶ Got a start, but far from complete..
  - \*Quick Demo\*
- Some Plaintext Strings..
  - Tries to enable Bluetooth
  - getSimSerialNumber
  - ١. 🔸
  - (I need some more time)



Any questions?

Cheers to.. p1ra, nex', rep, blasty, thuxnder, diff-, jcase, George, jduck, ...

Interested in Android Security? Join **#droidsec** on irc.freenode.org (thanks jduck!)